ADONIS VYAPER PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U52190WB2006PTC111573

Registered office: 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata-700 001 Contact No. 033 3940 3950; 9073980155 Email Id - adonis.vvaper@outlook.com

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders.

Your Directors are pleased to present the Annual Report and the audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2018.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The Company's financial performance, for the year ended 31st March, 2018 is summarised below:

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.18 (Rs.)	Year ended 31.03.17 (Rs.)
Total Income (A)	1,07,822	57,333
Total Expenditure (B)	97,476	89,209
Profit Before Taxation (A-B)	10,346	(31,876)
Provision for Taxation (including Deferred Tax)	2,655	-
Profit /(Loss) for the year	7,681	(31,876)
Other Comprehensive Income	(2,53,742)	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	(2,46,061)	(31,876)

STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS

Your directors are hopeful that the performance of the Company will improve in the coming year.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The general business conditions affecting business are expected to remain stable and company is expected to perform well.

DIVIDEND

The Company has not declared any dividend for the year.

PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company has not invited or accepted deposits from the public covered under Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014. As such, no amount on account of principal or interest on public deposits was outstanding as on the date of the Financial Statements.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

No amount has been transferred to any Reserve.

SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up Equity Share Capital as on 31st March, 2018 was Rs.1,77,76,000. There has not been any change in the Equity Share Capital of the Company during the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2018. During the year under review, the Company has neither issued shares with differential voting rights nor issued sweat equity or granted stock options.

NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the financial year ended 31st March, 2018, 4 Board Meetings were held on 11th May 2017, 2nd August 2017, 11th October 2017 and 3rd February 2018. Both the Directors attended all the meetings. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has an Internal Financial Control System, which has been designed to provide a reasonable assurance with regard to maintaining of proper accounting controls, monitoring of operations, protecting assets from unauthorized use or losses, compliance with regulations and for ensuring reliability of financial reporting.

CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY

There is no change in the nature of business of the Company.

AUDITORS AND AUDITORS' REPORT

Auditors' Report contains no remark requiring explanation.

M/s. Das and Prasad, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 303054E), Statutory Auditors of the Company, were appointed by the members at the Annual General Meeting held in the calendar year 2015, to hold office for a period of 5 years, subject to ratification by the Shareholders at every Annual General Meeting.

Consequent upon amendment of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 notified on 7th May, 2018, ratification of Auditors' appointment by the Shareholders at every Annual General Meeting is no more required. However, since the resolution passed by the shareholders at their Annual General Meeting in the year 2015 appointing the Statutory Auditors, specified the requirement of annual ratification, your Board considers it appropriate to seek approval of the Members for ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditors at the ensuing Annual General Meeting as well.

M/s. Das and Prasad have given their consent to act as Auditors, if their appointment be ratified. The Company has received a letter from them to the effect that they satisfy the criteria provided in Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 and that their appointment would be within the limits prescribed under Section 141(3)(g) of the Companies Act, 2013. Members are requested to ratify their appointment as the Statutory Auditors of the Company and to fix their remuneration.

DIRECTORS

There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS

The Company has not given any loan, guarantees or made any investments exceeding sixty per cent of its paid-up share capital, free reserves and securities premium account or one hundred per cent of its free reserves and securities premium account, whichever is more, as prescribed in Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

There were no Related Party transactions during the year and hence particulars of contracts or arrangements entered into by the Company with Related Parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 in Form AOC-2 prescribed under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is not attached.

MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

There have been no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS / COURTS / TRIBUNALS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators / Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The Company did not have any employee during the financial year, hence disclosure under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is not applicable.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY & TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

The company has no activity requiring conservation of energy or technology absorption, details of which are required to be furnished in this report as per the provision of Section 134 (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING & OUTGO

There were no foreign exchange earning and outgo during the year.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement of Section 134(3)(c) and 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, the Directors hereby confirm that:-

- (i) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2018, the applicable accounting standards, have been followed and there are no material departures from the same;
- (ii) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for that period;
- (iii) the Directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities; and
- (iv) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts of the Company on a 'going concern' basis.
- (v) the directors, had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- (vi) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Company has a defined Risk Management framework to identify, assess, monitor and mitigate various risks to key business objectives. Major risks identified by the businesses and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN

Extract of the Annual Return as on the financial year ended 31st March, 2018 in Form MGT 9 is annexed herete as Annexure '1' and forms a part of this report.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors take this opportunity to appreciate contributions made by the Company's bankers, shareholders and business associates for their respective services and patronage.

For and on Behalf of the Board

6 Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700 001 Date: 10th May, 2018

Ashutosh Jaiswal (DIN: 01228095) "Annexure - 1"

Form MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on 31.03.2018

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

	CIN	U52190WB2006PTC111573
<u>.</u>	Registration Date	18-10-2006
ii)	iii) Name of the Company:	Adonis Vyaper Private Limited
(<u>S</u>)	iv) Category / Sub-Category of the Company:	Private Company limited by shares
<u>></u>	Address of the Registered office and contact details	6, Lyons Range, Kolkata- 700 001 Ph: 033 3940 3950; 9073980155
		Email Id: adonis.vyaper@outlook.com
vi)	Whether listed company	No
i:	vii) Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any:	N.A

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY: NA

All the Business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company are stated:-

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Si.No	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company	
	No activity at present	ı		

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

S. No.	Name and Address of the company	CIN/GLN	Holding/Subsidiary/ % of shares	% of shares	Applicable
			Associate	held	section
	Century Plyboards (India) Ltd.	L20101WB1982PLC034435	Holding	80.01	2(46)
	6, Lyons Range, Kolkata- 700 001)		

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL BREAKUP AS PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EQUITY)

(i) Category-wise Share Holding

Demat Physical	year iysical Total)				•	D
Demat Physical							during
		% of Total I	Demat I	Physical	Total	% of Total	the year
- 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600							
- 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600	1	1		1	ı	1	1
- 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 - 17,77,600	1	1		. 1	I	ı	
- 17,77,600 17,77,600 - 17,77,600 17,77,600	1		1	1	1		
romoter (A)	77,600 17,77,600	100.00		17,77,600	17,77,600	100.00	
- 17,77,600 - 17,77,600	1	ı	ı	. 1		ı	Ē
romoter (A) - 17,77,600	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1
romoter (A)	77,600 17,77,600	100.00	-	17,77,600	17,77,600	100.00	3
comoter (A)							
romoter (A)	1	ī	1	ı	1	1	
romoter (A)	1	ı	1	ı	ı	1	1
comoter (A)	1	ī	1	1	1	1	
romoter (A)	1	ī	ı	ı	ı	ı	1
romoter (A) - 17,77,600	1	1	I I		ı	1	1
romoter (A) - 17,77,600	ı	ı	1	1	. 1	1	1,
	77,600 17,77,600	100.00	-	17,77,600	17,77,600	100.00	1
1 1 1							
	1	1	1	1	1	Ī	1
1 1	1	1	1				1
1	1	1	1	1		1	1
	1	I			- I	1	I
e) Venture Capital Funds	1	ı	1.1	1		1	•
f) Insurance Companies			1	1		Proposition of the control of the co	1
g) FIIs	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1

	ı	ı	ı	1	ł	ı	ı	1	•
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds									
i) Others (specify)	ı	B	ENT	1	ı		1	I	i
Sub-total (B)(1):-	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	1		I
2. Non-Institutions	1	1	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	
a) Bodies Corp.	1	1	1	ı	1	1	ı	ı	1
i) Indian	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1
ii)Overseas	1	•	I	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1
b) Individuals		1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	1	1	3	ı	ı	1	•	1	1
ii) Individual shareholders holding	1	1	1	1	I	1	1	1	1
share capital in excess of Rs 1 lakh	-								
c) Others (specify)	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	2
Sub-total (B)(2):-	1	I	1	1	ı	1	1		1
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)		ı	ı	1	ı	1	1	1	1
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	ı	1	I	I	ı	1	1	ı	1
Grand Total (A+B+C)	0	1777600	1777600	100.00	0	1777600	1777600	100.00	0

(ii) Shareholding of Promoters

		Shareholding at t	ing at the beginn (01.04.2018)	the beginning of the year 1.04.2018)	Shareh	Shareholding at the end of the year (31.03.2018)	of the year	% change
Z Z	SI Shareholder's No. Name	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	in shareholding during the year
_	Star Cement Ltd.	355509	19.99	Z	355509	19.99	Nil	1
7	Century Plyboards (India) Ltd. 1422091	1422091	80.01	Nii	1422091	80.01	Nil	
Total	al	1777600	100.00	Nil	1777600	100.00		

ده	
ange	
o Ch	
N _O	
(e)	
ang	
o ch	
S no	
rei	
the	
V, if	
ecif	
e Sp	
eas	
(pl	
ing)
plot	
arek	
Sh	
rrs,	Contemporary
note	
ron	
n P	THE PERSON NAMED IN
ge i	
han	
O	
(iii)	
\equiv	

	Change in Fromoters, Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change): No Change	iease specify, if the	re is no change): No	Change		
SI.	Particulars	Shareholding at tl year	Shareholding at the beginning of the cumulative Shareholding during the year	Cumulative Sh the year	areholding during	Reasons for increase /
0 Z		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	decrease
Atth	At the beginning of the year	1777600	100	1777600	100	
Date in Pr durin	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Shareholding - during the year		1	l l	1	ı
Atth	At the end of the year			1777600	100	

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs): Not Applicable

For Each At the begin Date wise In	of the Ten 10 Chambell)	0	Camaran	Cumulative Shareholding	Keasons for increase/
At	of the Ten 10 Chambell	oft	of the year	durin	during the year	decrease (e.g. allotment /
At	rol Each of the rop to Shareholders	No. of	% of total	No. of	% of total	transfer / bonus/ sweat
At the begin Date wise In	•	shares	shares of the	shares	shares of the	equity etc):
At the begin			company		company	
Date wise In	At the beginning of the year					
	Date wise Increase / Decrease					
in Sharehold	in Shareholding during the year					
At the End	At the End of the year (or on the date of					
separation, i	separation, if separated during the year)					

Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel: (X)

	Shareholding of Directors and Ney Managerial F	Manageriai Fersonnei: N.A.	i.A.			
<u> </u>	Dow Pool of the D.	Shareholding at the beginning of the year	ning of the year	Cumulative during	Cumulative Shareholding during the year	Reasons for increase
ų Š	KIMP	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat equity etc):
-	Ajay Baldawa					
-						
	At the beginning of the year					
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year					
	At the End of the year					
2	Ashutosh Jaiswal					
	At the beginning of the year					
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year				·	
	At the End of the year					

INDEBTEDNESS

sees)
ı Ruj
ents
УШ
pa
for
t due
d but no
crue
/ac
ling
and
utst
st o
interest
ini
Jing
cluc
y inclu
)an
Comp
6 Co
the
sof
nes
ted
dep
H

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)				
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
* Addition				
* Reduction				
Net Change				
Indebtedness at the end of the financial				
year				
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii)Interest accrued but not due				
Total (i+ii+iii)				

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL VI.

<u> </u>	Particulars of Remuneration Na	Name of MD/WTD/	Total Amount
20 20		Manager	Total Amount
	Gross salary		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961		
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961		
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961		
2	Stock Option		
3	Sweat Equity		
	Commission		
4	- as % of profit		
	others, specify		
:	Total (A)		
	Ceiling as per the Act		

B Remuneration to other directors:

The state of the s				
SI. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors		Total Amount
	Independent Directors			
	Fee for attending board/ committee meetings	Zii	Nii	
	Commission	Nii	Nii	
	Others, please specify	Nii	Niil	
	Total(1)	Nil	Nii	
2	Other Non-Executive Directors	Ajay Baldawa	Ashutosh Jaiswal	
	Fee for attending board/ committee meetings	Nii	Nii	
	Commission	ij	N:I	
	Others, please specify	Nii	Nil	
	Total (2)	Nil	Nil	
	Total (B)=(1+2)	Nii	Nii	
	Total Managerial Remuneration	Nil	Nil	
-	Overall Ceiling as per the Act			

Total CFO Company Secretary Key Managerial Personnel Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD: Not Applicable CEO (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 Particulars of Remuneration Others, please specify others, specify... - as % of profit Sweat Equity tax Act, 1961 Stock Option Commission Gross salary Total SI No. $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ 4 \mathcal{O}

Punishment	ng CORS	Section of the Companies Act Brief Details of Penalty / Punishm Compounding fees imposed RS IN DEFAULT	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT/ COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)
(Omnolinging	Punishment					
	Compounding					

April Daldawa Ajay Baldawa (DIN: 00472128)

Ashutosh Jaiswal (DIN: 01228095)

For and on Behalf of the Board



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF "ADONIS VYAPER PRIVATE LIMITED" Report on the Ind AS Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone Ind AS financial statements of Adonis Vyaper Private Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the statement of Cash Flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Ind AS financial statements".

Management's Responsibility for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation and presentation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Ind AS financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Ind AS financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

Opinion

Head Office

: 4, Chowringhee Lane, Block - III, 8th Floor, Suit # 8F, Kolkata 700 016

Tel.: +91 33 2252 1911/12, Fax: 2252 1913, E-mail: d.pkolkata@yahoo.com, Website: www.dasandprasad.com

: Suit No. 405, The Central, 4th Floor, Shell Colony Road, Chembur, Mumbai - 400 071, Tel.: 022-25221233

Mumbal Branch Bhubaneswar Office: Siddhivinayak Enclave, Block - A1, Room No. 408, Dist.: Khurda, Bhubaneswar - 751006 In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, and its financial performance including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. we have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our Knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- b. in our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- c. the balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, the statement of cash flow and the statement of changes in equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account:
- d. in our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rule issued thereunder.
- e. on the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2018 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- f. with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B"; and
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Das & Prasad Chartered Accountants

Chartered Accountant

(Firm's Registration No.303054E)

A.K.Agarwal (Partner)

(Membership No. 062368)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 10th May, 2018

The Annexure referred to in Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the Ind AS financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2018, we report that:

- (i) (a)The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of the fixed assets:
 - (b) As explained to us, fixed assets have been physically verified by the management at reasonable intervals; no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification;
 - (c) As per information and explanation given to us by the management, all the title deeds of the immovable properties are held in the name of the Company;
- (ii) The Company has no inventories during the year under audit, hence paragraph 3(ii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the books of account, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Consequently, the provisions of paragraph iii (a) ,(b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence, not commented upon;
- (iv) In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any loans, investments, guarantees and security and hence the provision of this paragraph is not applicable to the company;
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposit from the public covered under Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the provisions of paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company;
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under subsection (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the product of the Company;
- (vii) a) The Company has generally been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues applicable to it and other statutory dues to the appropriate authorities. There are no arrears as at 31st March 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable;
 - b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there were no disputed taxes and duties as at 31st March 2018;
- (viii) The Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institution, banks, government or debenture holders during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (ix) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not raised moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly paragraph 3(ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) Based on the audit procedures performed and the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of such case by the management;
- (xi) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not paid or provided any managerial remuneration and hence paragraph 3(xi) is not applicable;
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence the paragraph 3(xii) is not applicable;

- (xiii) In our opinion and on the basis of information and explanation given to us by the management, all the all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Ind AS financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards;
- (xiv) According to information and explanation given to us the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review;
- (xv) According to information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly the paragraph 3(xv) is not applicable the Company;
- (xvi) In our opinion and on the basis of information and explanation given to us by the management, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Das & Prasad Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.303054E)

Kolkata

A.K.Agarwal (Partner) (Membership No. 062368)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 10th May, 2018

Annexure - B to the Auditors' Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Adonis Vyaper Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March 2018, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

ered Acco

For Das & Prasad Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No.303054E)

A.K.Agarwal (Partner)

(Membership No. 062368)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 10th May, 2018

ADONIS VYAPER PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U52190WB2006PTC111573

Redg. Office: 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700 001

Contact No: 033 39403950 Email Id: adonis.vyaper@outlook.com

Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2018

Particulars	Note No.	As at March 31, 2018 INR	As at March 31, 2017 INR
I) ASSETS 1) NON CURRENT ASSETS			. 50 50 740
a) Investment property	3	1,52,53,742	1,52,53,742
,	-	1,52,53,742	1,52,53,742
2) CURRENT ASSETS	_		
a) Financial assets			12,745
(i) Loans & Advances	4	12,745	16,57,851
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	5	16,64,758	5,730
b) Current Tax Assets (net)	6_	8,095	16,76,326
b) Sancin Carry	_	16,85,598	1,69,30,068
TOTAL ASSETS	=	1,69,39,340	1,09,30,000
II) EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
1) EQUITY	_	1,77,76,000	1,77,76,000
a) Equity Share Capital	7	(8,52,960)	(8,60,641)
b) Other Equity	8_	1,69,23,040	1,69,15,359
	-	1,09,23,040	1,00,10,1
2) LIABILITIES			
i) CURRENT LIABILITIES			
a) Financial liabilities	9	16,300	14,709
(i) Other current financial liabilities	٠.	16,300	14,709
	•	16,300	14,709
TOTAL LIABILITIES	,		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,69,39,340	1,69,30,068
	1		
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	'		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

Kolkata

As per our report of even date

Notes on Financial Statements

For Das & Prasad **Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration Number: 303054E

A. K. Agarwal

Partner

rered Account Membership No. 062368

For and on behalf of the Board

Ajay Baldawa Director

(DIN: 00472128)

Ashutosh Jaiswal

Director

(DIN: 01228095)

Place: Kolkata

Date: 10th May, 2018

ADONIS VYAPER PRIVATE LIMITED CIN: U52190WB2006PTC111573

Redg. Office: 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700 001 Contact No: 033 39403950

Email Id: adonis.vyaper@outlook.com

Statement Of Profit and Loss For The Year Ended 31st March, 2018

Particulars	Notes	31 March 2018 INR	31 March 2017 INR
I) Income	10	1,07,822	57,333
Other Income Total Income (I)		1,07,822	57,333
II) Expenses	11	97,476	89,209
Other Expenses Total Expenses (II)		97,476 10,346	89,209 (31,876)
III) Profit before Taxation (I-II)		10,540	(0.,,0.2)
IV) Tax Expenses		2,665	-
Current Tax Total Tax Expenses (IV)		2,665	-
V) Profit for the year (III-IV)		7,681	(31,876)
VI) Total Comprehensive Income for the year		7,681	(31,876)
Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted (Nominal value INR10 per share (PY INR 10 per share))		0.004	(0.018)
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies	1		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

Kolkata

red Accor

As per our report of even date

For Das & Prasad **Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration Number: 303054E

A. K. Agarwal Partner

Membership No. 062368

Place: Kolkata

Date:

For and on behalf of the Board

Ajay Baldawa Director

(DIN: 00472128)

Ashutosh Jaiswal

Director

(DIN: 01228095)

ADONIS VYAPER PRIVATE LIMITED Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March 2018

A) Equity Share Capital

A) Equity Share Capital	No of Shares	Amount
Particulars	No 61 6114.00	INR
Equity Shares of INR 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid Balance as on March 31, 2017	17,77,600 -	1,77,76,000
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year Balance at March 31, 2018	17,77,600	1,77,76,000

B) Other Equity

Particulars	Surplus in the Statement of Profit and Loss	Total INR
Balance at March 31, 2017	(8,60,641) 7,681	(8,60,641) 7,681
Profit for the year Other Comprehensive Income/ (loss) for the year, net of tax Balance at March 31, 2018	(8,52,960)	(8,52,960)

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements .

Kolkata

e ed Accon

As per our report of even date.

For Das & Prasad **Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration Number: 303054E 86 Pras

A. K. Agarwal

Partner

Membership No. 062368

Place: Kolkata

Date: 10th May, 2018

For and on behalf of the Board

Director

(DIN: 00472128)

Ashutosh Jaiswal

Director (DIN: 01228095)

ADONIS VYAPER PRIVATE LIMITED

CIN: U52190WB2006PTC111573 Redg. Office: 6, Lyons Range, Kolkata - 700 001 Contact No : 033 39403950 Email Id: adonis.vyaper@outlook.com

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March' 2018

	Particulars	Amount INR 2017-18	Amount INR 2016-17
	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	40.040	(31,876
4	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	10,346	(57,333
	Net Profit before Tax	(1,07,822)	
	Interest Income	(97,476)	(89,209
	Operating Profit before Working Capital changes		0.004
		1,591	8,984
	Increase in Other Current Liabilities	(95,885)	(80,225
	Cash Generated from Operations	(5,030)	(5,730
	Direct Taxes Paid (Net of Refunds)	(1,00,915)	(85,955
	Net Cash from Operating Activities		
	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	_	(18,12
3	Investment in Fixed Assets	1.07,822	57,33
	Interest Received	1,07,822	39,20
	Net Cash used in Investing Activities	1,01,0==	
	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		7,35
С	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING AS TOTAL	·	16,16,00
	Proceeds from Security Deposits		16,23,35
	Issue of Equity Shares Shares	-	10,20,00
	Net Cash (used in)/from Financing Activities	6,907	15,76,60
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A + B + C)	0,557	
	Net increase/(Decrease) in Oddin and Oddin and	16.57.851	81,24
	Cash & Cash Equivalents - Opening Balance	10,57,651	3.,_
	Cash & Cash Equivalence		16,57,85
	Cash & Cash Equivalents - Closing Balance	16,64,758	16,57,8

As per our report of even date.

For Das & Prasad Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration Number: 303054E

Kolkata

ered Accord

A. K. Agarwal Partner

Membership No. 062368

Place: Kolkata Date: 10th May, 2018 For and on Behalf of the Board

Ajay Baldawa Director

(DIN: 00472128)

Ashutosh Jaiswal Director

(DIN) 01228095)

Adonis Vyaper Private Limited

Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2018

Adonis Vyaper Private Limited (the Company) is a private limited Company domiciled in India and incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. The Company has been formed to carry out business as buyers, sellers distributors, metchants, agent brokers, sub brokers, stockists, commission agents, franchisee, dealers, C & F agents, various types of agencies, network marketing and marketing associates of household goods, consumerable durable items, industrial goods of all kinds and merchandise.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind-AS") as issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA").

For all periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2016, the Company had prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 [Indian GAAP].

These financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2017 are the first the Company has prepared in accordance with in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind-AS") consequent to the notification of The Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (the Rules) issued by the MCA. Further, in accordance with the Rules, the Company has restated its Balance Sheet as at 1st April 2015 and financial statements for the year ended and as at 31st March 2016 also as per Ind-AS. For preparation of opening balance sheet under Ind-AS as at April 1, 2015, the Company has availed exemptions and first time adoption policies in accordance with Ind-AS 101 "First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards", the details of which have been explained thereof in the "Footnotes to Reconciliation of Equity".

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial assets measured at fair value as described in accounting policies regarding financial instruments.

Summary of Significant accounting policies

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle
- ► Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ▶ Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- ▶ It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ▶ It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- ▶ It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- ► There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, **Revenue Recognition** regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government. The Company has concluded that it is the principal in all of its revenue arrangements since it is the primary obligor in all the revenue arrangements as it has pricing latitude and is also exposed to inventory and credit risks.

For all debt instruments measured at amortised cost, interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR). EIR is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or to the amortised cost of a financial liability. Interest income is included in finance income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value for all of its investment property as recognised in its Indian GAAP financial statements as deemed cost at the transition date, viz., 1 April 2015.

Investment properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss, if any.

All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on an annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss in the period of derecognition. 85

ed Accoun

Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or Companys of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

Financial assets

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the settlement date, i.e., the date that the asset is delivered to or by the Company which generally coincides with the trade date.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- (a) Debt instruments at amortised cost
- (b) Equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

(a) Debt instruments at amortised cost

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- (i) The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- (ii) Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss. This category generally applies to trade and other receivables.

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when the rights to (iii) Derecognition receive cash flows from the asset have expired.

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the Trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 11 and Ind AS 18.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables.

The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings or payables.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:



A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, quoted investments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- (ii) Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- (iii) Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Earning per snare

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss before OCI for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss before OCI for the period equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events beyond the control of the Company or a present obligation that is not recognized because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. The Company does not recognize a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements.



Note No.			Amount INR		
3	Investment Property				
	Closing balance at 31 March 2017		1,52,53,742		
	Closing balance at 31 March 2018		1,52,53,742		
	Reconciliation of fair value:				
	Recommended		Amount INR		
	Balance as on 31 March 2017		1,50,00,00		
	Fair value difference		1,50,00,00		
	Closing balance at 31 March 2018				
	Description of valuation techniques used and key inpu	its to valuation on investment properties:			
	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable Ir	puts (Level 3)		
	Land & Building Method	Considering the shape, size enclosed Goverment Value, lands at its vicinity is assessed	the present market value of the by extensive local enquiry		

Note No.			As at March 31, 2018 INR	As at March 31, 2017 INR
4	Loans (at amortised cost) Unsecured considered good		12.745	12,745
	Security deposits	Total	12,745	12,745

No loan are due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person. Nor any loans are due from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.

Note No.		As at March 31, 2018 INR	As at March 31, 2017 INR
	Cash and cash equivalents Balances with banks Cash on hand	1,25,228 719 15,38,811	1,19,823 909 15,37,119
	Fixed Deposits (including accrued interest)	otal 16,64,758	16,57,851
		Ao at	As at

Note No.		As at March 31, 2018 INR	As at March 31, 2017 INR
6	Current Tax Assets (Net) Income & Wealth Tax Payments and Tax Deducted at Source less Provision	8,095	5,730
	Total	8,095	5,730

Note No.		As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
7	Share Capital Equity Share Capital		
	Authorised Share capital	2,00,00,000	2,00,00,000
	Equity Shares of INR 10 each	2,00,00,000	2,00,00,000
	Issued, subscribed & fully paid share capital	1,77,76,000	1,77,76,00
	Issued and fully paid equity shares of INR 10 each	1,77,76,000	1,77,76,00
a)	Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding	No. of shares	No. of share
	Equity Shares of INR 10 each	17,77,600	16,16,00
	At the Beginning of the period	-	1,61,60
	Issued during the period	17,77,600	17,77,60
	Outstanding at the end of the period		
b)	Terms/Rights attached to the Equity Shares The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity share after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion	to the number of equity shares he	shares is entitled to one vo ining assets of the compal eld by the shareholders.
•	per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion	to the number of equity shares he	eld by the shareholders.
b)	per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holder of organy after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion Century Plyboards (India) Limited is the holding / ultimate holding company of Ad	to the number of equity shares he	As at
c)	per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holder of organy after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion Century Plyboards (India) Limited is the holding / ultimate holding company of Ad	to the number of equity shares he	As at March 31, 2017
,	per share. In the event of liquidation or the company, the holdon's required after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion Century Plyboards (India) Limited is the holding / ultimate holding company of Art Details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company	to the number of equity shares he donis Vyaper Private Limited. As at March 31, 2018 No. of shares (%)	As at March 31, 2017 No. of shares (%)
c)	per share. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holder of organy after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion Century Plyboards (India) Limited is the holding / ultimate holding company of Ad	to the number of equity shares he donis Vyaper Private Limited. As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017



Note		Amount INR
No.		
		Amount INR
Note No.		
	Other Equity Surplus/(Deficit) in the statement of Profit and Loss Balance as on March 31, 2017 Profit /(Loss) for the year	(8,60,641) 7,681
	Balance as on March 31, 2018	(8,52,960)

Nata Na		As at March 31, 2018 INR	As at March 31, 2017 INR
	Other current financial liabilities (at amortised cost)	16,300	14,709
	Liabilities for expenses Total	16,300	14,709

Note No.		2017-18 INR	2016-17 INR
10	Other Income Interest on Fixed Deposit Interest on Income Tax Refund	1,07,560 260 2	57,296 - 37
	Miscllaneous Income Tota	1,07,822	57,333

		2017-18 INR	2016-17 INR
Note No.			10,60
	Other Expenses	2,000	
	Professional Charges	27,101	26,8
	Rates & Taxes	1,200	3,6
	Filing Fees	1,330	3
	Electricity Charges	1,000	
	Auditor's Remuneration-	11,800	11,5
	- Audit Fee	54,000	36,2
	Security Charges	45	
	Miscellaneous Expenses Total		89,2



Adonis Vyaper Private Limited Notes to Financial Statements as at and for the year ended 31st March 2018

Other notes to accounts

- As there were no employees in the company provision for retirement benefit is not required.
- In absence of reasonable certainty supported by convincing evidence, the net deferred tax asset arising from unabsorbed b business loss have not been recognized in books of account in terms of Ind AS 12 "Income Taxes".
- Related Party Disclosure -

1. Name of the related parties and related party relationships

1. Name of the related parties and related party relationships			
Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year.			
	CENTURY PLYBOARDS (INDIA) LIMITED (HOLDING CO.)		
Enterprises owned/influenced by Key Management	ARA SUPPLIERS PVT LTD		
Personnel or their relatives	ARHAM SALES PVT LTD		

2. Aggregated Related party disclosure as at and for the year ended 31st March 2018

Type of Transactions		Enterprises owned/influenced by Key Management Personnel or their relatives	
	2017-18	2016-17	
Reimbursements Received			
Ara Suppliers Private Limited	20,100	20,100	
Reimbursements Paid			
Ara Suppliers Private Limited	1,330.00		
Arham Sales Private Limited	-	12,745	
Application Money received and Shares Allotted			
Century Plyboards (India) Limited	-	12,92,810	

Capital Management

The Company's capital management is intended to create value for shareholders by facilitating the meeting of long-term and short-term goals of the Company.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plans and long-term product and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met only through equity.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise of other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to provide guarantees to support its operations. The Company's principal financial assets includes cash and short-term deposits that derive directly from its operations.

- Earning in Foreign Currency NIL (Previous Year- NIL) Expenditure in Foreign Currency NIL (Previous Year- NIL)
- The figures have been rounded off the nearest rupee.

& Pras

ered Acco

As per our report of even date

For Das & Prasad

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 303054E

A. K. Agarwal

Membership No. 062368

For and on Behalf of the Board

Partner

Place: Kolkata

Date: 10th May, 2018

Ajay Baldawa

(DIN: 00472128)

hutosh Jaiswal

Director

(DIN: 01228095)